#### Stromal Testis Tumors

Jonathan Ross MD Rush University

#### Testicular tumors

Germ Cell Tumors

- Stromal Tumors
  - Leydig Cell
  - ◆ Sertoli Cell
  - ◆ Large Cell Calcifying Sertoli Cell Tumor
  - ◆ Juvenile Granulosa Cell
  - Mixed/Undifferentiated
- Gonadoblastoma

## Prepubertal Testis Tumor Registry

Patients registered primarily between 1980 and 1990

- N=395
  - younger than 12 years
  - primary testis tumor

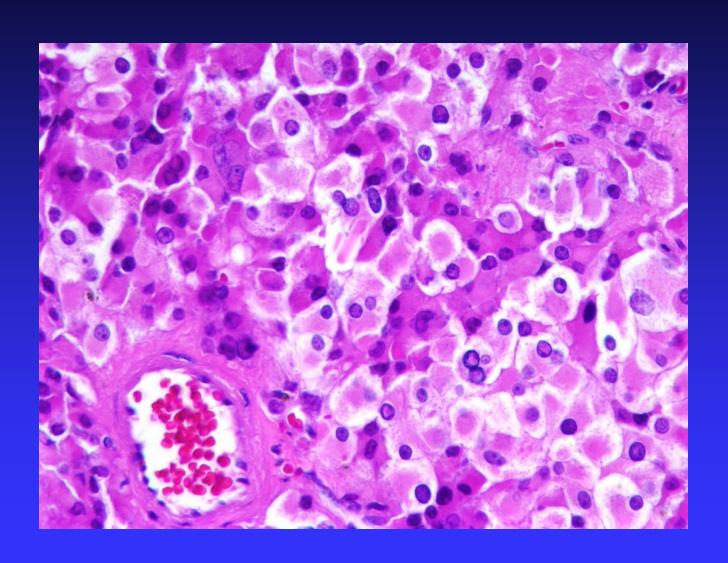
# Primary Testis Tumor Types Testis Tumor Registry

Tumor Type	Number	Per Cent
Yolk Sac	244	62
Teratoma	92	23
Epidermoid Cyst	13	3
Stromal	42	11
Gonadoblastoma	4	1

## Primary Testis Tumor Types Multicenter Study (n=98)

Tumor Type	Per Cent
Yolk Sac	15
Teratoma	48
Epidermoid Cyst	14
Stromal	13
Other	9

# Leydig Cell Tumor



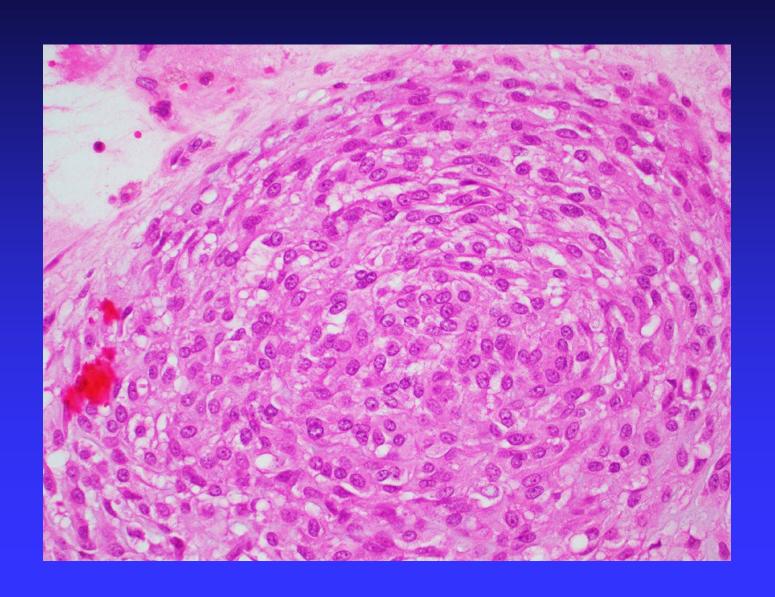
## Leydig Cell Tumor

Universally benign in children

Precocious puberty (gynecomastia in adults)

 Testis-sparing appropriate (occasionally multifocal)

# Sertoli Cell Tumor



#### Sertoli Cell Tumor

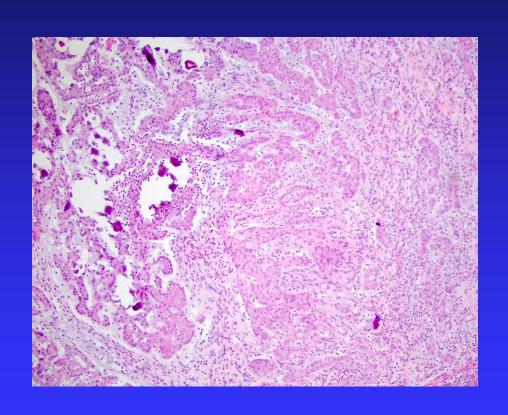
Orchiectomy or testis-sparing surgery

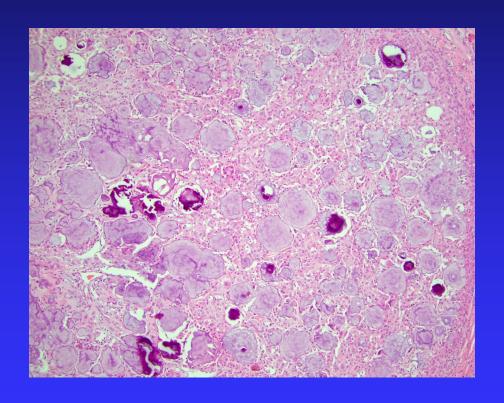
Malignant in 10% of adult cases

Malignancy rare in children (and none reported less than 5 years old)

Usually hormonally inactive in children

## Large cell calcifying Sertoli cell tumor

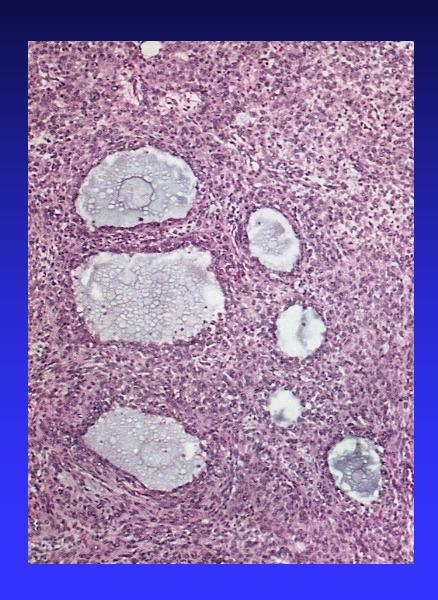




## Large cell calcifying Sertoli cell tumor

- Common in children and adolescents
- Present with mass
- 1/4 bilateral/multifocal
- 1/3 have an associated syndrome
  - ◆ Peutz-Jegher
  - Carney's
- Universally benign under 25 years old
  - ◆Testis-sparing reasonable

# Juvenile Granulosa Cell Tumor



#### Juvenile Granulosa cell tumor

Tumor of infancy

- Universally benign
  - ◆ Testis-sparing surgery

 Y chromosome abnormalities common and ambiguous genitalia has been seen

Hormonally inactive

### Mixed/Undifferentiated stromal tumors

 Malignancy uncommon, but can occur in older children

 Metastatic evaluation/surveillance in older children and those with worrisome histological features

#### Behavior of Stromal Tumors

- Leydig cell, LCCSCT, and JGCT are benign\*
  - Consider follow-up for 2 years

- Occasional Sertoli > 5 years old and poorly differentiated stromal may be malignant
  - ◆ PEB is recommended treatment

#### Take-home Points

- Testis-sparing appropriate for most prepubertal patients
- Leydig cell tumor, LCCSCT and JGCT released from oncologic follow-up
- Sertoli cell (over 5 yo) and undifferentiated stromal tumors require metastatic evaluation
- Consider syndromes in large cell calcifying Sertoli cell tumor